

INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT

NAME OF THE EXAMINATION	SECOND PERIODIC TEST	CLASS: X
DATE OF EXAMINATION	29-05-2022	SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE
TYPE – SET - A	MARKING SCHEME	

Q.NO.	VALUE POINTS	MARK
1	b) equitable distribution of resources	1
2	Current fallow land left without cultivation for one or less than one agricultural year	1
3.	ANS: D- all of the above	1
4.	Ans: D –Infant Mortality Rate	1
5.	Ans :D - Creation of an independent Tamil Eelam (state)	1
6.	Ans: People belonging to one language community only.	1
7.	<p>Ans:</p> <p>1] The Zollverein or the union abolished tariff barriers and reduced the number of currencies and thus led to a unified economic territory allowing the unhindered movement of goods, people and capital [1 mark]</p> <p>2] The creation of a network of railways further stimulated mobility, harnessing economic interests to national unification. A wave of economic nationalism strengthened the wider nationalist sentiments growing at the time. [1 mark]</p>	2
8.	<p>Ans:</p> <p>1] Language too played an important role in developing nationalist sentiments. After Russian occupation, the Polish language was forced out of schools and the Russian language was imposed everywhere.</p> <p>2]In 1831, an armed rebellion against Russian rule took place which was ultimately crushed. Following this, many members of the clergy in Poland began to use language as a weapon of national resistance. Polish was used for Church gatherings and all religious instruction.</p> <p>3]The use of Polish came to be seen as a symbol of the struggle against Russian dominance. [1+1+1=3]</p>	3
9.	<p>Ans:</p> <p>1] What form of power sharing did Lebanon adopt to settle the civil war? [1 mark]</p> <p>Ans: Sharing the power among different communities</p> <p>2] Describe the power sharing arrangement done in Lebanon [2 Marks]</p> <p>ANS: Lebanon’s leaders came together and agreed to some basic rules for power sharing among different communities. As per these rules, the country’s President must belong to the</p>	3

	Maronite sect of Catholic Christians. The Prime Minister must be from the Sunni Muslim community. The post of Deputy Prime Minister is fixed for Orthodox Christian sect and that of the Speaker for Shi'a Muslims.															
10.	Ans: Development depends on natural resources but they are limited. So to have a sustainable development, it is the duty of present generation to use the resources judiciously to meet our needs and not to satisfy our greed. [2 marks] If the resources are not used wisely now, the future generation may not have resources for development and thus development will face downfall. [1 mark]			3												
11.	<table><tr><th>Reasons</th><th>States/Areas</th><th>Analysis</th></tr><tr><td>1.Mining sites</td><td>Jharkhand, Chhattisgarh, Madhya Pradesh and Orissa</td><td>Mining sites are abandoned after excavation work is complete leaving deep scars and traces of over-burdening. deforestation due to mining in these states have caused severe land degradation.</td></tr><tr><td>2.Overgrazing</td><td>Gujarat, Rajasthan, Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra</td><td>overgrazing is one of the main reasons for land degradation.</td></tr><tr><td>3.Over irrigation</td><td>Punjab, Haryana, western Uttar Pradesh</td><td>over irrigation is responsible for land degradation due to water logging leading to increase in salinity and alkalinity in the soil.</td></tr></table>	Reasons	States/Areas	Analysis	1.Mining sites	Jharkhand, Chhattisgarh, Madhya Pradesh and Orissa	Mining sites are abandoned after excavation work is complete leaving deep scars and traces of over-burdening. deforestation due to mining in these states have caused severe land degradation.	2.Overgrazing	Gujarat, Rajasthan, Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra	overgrazing is one of the main reasons for land degradation.	3.Over irrigation	Punjab, Haryana, western Uttar Pradesh	over irrigation is responsible for land degradation due to water logging leading to increase in salinity and alkalinity in the soil.			3
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